I PERIODIC TEST- 2021-22 CLASS - IX (CBSE)

Time: 2 hrs. Subject - Social Science M.M.: 50

General Instructions:-

- i. Question paper comprises of five sections a, b, c, d and e. There are 32 questions in the paper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Section A: Question number 1 to 6 are objective type questions of 1 marks each.
- iii. Section B: Question number 7 to 10 are short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- iv. Section C: Question number 11 to 14 are Source based questions carrying 2 marks each.
- v. Section D: Question number 15 and 18 are Long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- vi. Section E: Question number 19 is map-based questions carrying 4 marks with two parts 19.1 from history and 19.2 from geography.

SECTION-A					
Q.1	What was Marseillaise?				[1]
	a.	A war song	b.	A poor Peasant	
	C.	A noble	d.	A medium land owner	
Q.2	Name any two countries that share their boundaries with India.				[1]
	a.	Pakistan and China	b.	USA and Poland	
	C.	Myanmar and Japan	d.	Italy and Sri Lanka	
Q.3	Which of the following characteristics is not true for a democracy?				[1]
	a.	Rulers are elected by the people		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	C.	The minorities are fully respected			
Q.4	Choose a country where the vote of an indigenous citizen has more value then				
	that of the migrants from other countries.				[1]
	a.	Poland	b.	Holland	
0.5	C.	Portugal	d.	Fizi	F47
Q.5	What is the standard unit of measuring land?				[1]
	a.	Yard Mile	b. d.	Metre	
0.6	C.		u.	Hectare	F47
Q.6	Who are the small farmers? a. Those farmers have less than two hectares of land				[1]
	a. Those farmers have less than two hectares of landb. Those farmers have less than four hectares of land				
	c. Those farmers have less than six hectares of land				
	d.	Those farmers have less than 10			
<u>SECTION-B</u>					
Q.7	What were the reforms introduced by Napoleon Bonaparte in France?				[3]
Q.8	Why is Indian Ocean named after our country? Give reasons.				[3]
Q.9	What was PRI? Highlight any two dirty tricks played by it to win the elections				
	in Mexico				[3]
Q.10	Explain any three factors of production.				[3]

[1] Cont....2

SECTION-C

Q.11 Read the source given blow and answer the following questions: [2] On 5th May 1789 Louis XVI called together an assembly of the Estates General to pass proposals for new taxes. A resplendent hall in Versailles was prepared to host the delegates. The first and second estates sent 300 representatives each, who were seated in rows facing each other on two sides, while the 600 members of the third estate had to stand at the back. The third estate was represented by its more prosperous and educated members. Peasants, artisans and women were denied entry to the Assembly. However, their grievances and demand were listed in some 40,000 letters which the representatives had brought with them.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option:

- 11.1 Why was an assembly of Estates General called by Louis XVI?
 - a. For new policies
- b. For election of new ruler
- c. For new proposals
- d. For new taxes
- 11.2 What was the proportion of the representatives of first, second and third estates in the resplendent hall in Versailles.
 - a. 200, 300, 600
- b. 300, 300, 600
- c. 600, 300, 300
- d. 300, 300, 300

Q.12 Read the source given below and answer the following questions

[2]

India's neighbours

India occupies an important strategic position in South Asia. India has 28 states and 8 union territories. India shares its land boundaries with Pakistan and Afghanistan in the Northwest, China, Nepal and Bhutan in the north and Myanmar and Bangladesh in the East. Our Southern neighbours across the sea consist of the two Island countries namely Sri Lanka and Maldives. Sri Lanka is separated from India by a narrow channel of sea formed by the Palk Strait and the Gulf of Mannar, while Maldives Islands are situated to the south of the Lakshadweep Islands. India has has strong geographical and historical links with her neighbours.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option:

- 12.1 Who are India's neighbours in the North- West?
 - a. Pakistan and Afghanistan
- b. Pakistan and China
- c. Myanmar and Bangladesh
- d. Afghanistan and Bhutan
- 12.2 Which two states of India share their land boundary with Bangladesh.
 - a. Bihar and Assam
- b. West Bengal and Jharkhand
- c. West Bengal and Assam
- d. Assam and Uttar Pradesh
- Q.13 Read the source given below and answer the following questions. [2] Like South Africa, India's Constitution was also drawn up under very difficult circumstances. The making of the constitution for a huge and diverse country like India was not an easy affair. At that time the people of India were emerging from the status of subjects to the of citizens. The country was born through a partition on the basis of religious difference. This was a traumatic experience for the people of India and Pakistan. At least 10 lakh people were Killed on both the sides of the border in partition related violence.

[2] Cont....3

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option: Besides India, which other country's constitution was drawn under very 13.1 difficult circumstances. South Africa a. b. Belgium Paksitan d. Africa At that time the country was going through a partition on the basis of 13.2 ____ differences. Racial h. Political a. C. Economic d. Religious Q.14 Read the source given below and answer the following questions: [2] **Infrastructure of Palampur** This village has about 450 families belonging to several different castes. The 80 upper caste families own the majority of the land in the village. Their houses, some of them guite large, are made of brick with cement plastering. The schedule castes comprise one third of the population and live in one corner of the village and in much smaller houses some of which are of mud and straw. Most of the houses have electric connections. Electricity powers all the tube wells in the fields and is used in various types of small business. Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option: 14.1 This story is related to which imaginary village? Balrampur b. Palampur a. Rampur Raipur C. 14.2 Source of irrigation in Palampur is: Wells b. Rivers a. **Ponds** d. Tube wells C. **SECTION- D** Q.15 Describe the triangular slave trade carried on during 18th and 19th century in France. [5] Q.16 Which Meridian has been selected as the Standard Meridian of India? Why? [5] Q.17 Define the term constitution. Why do we need it? [5] Q.18 What are the different ways of increasing production on the same piece of land? [5] **SECTION-E** Q.19 A. On the map of France, mark the following: [2] ii. Bordeaux On the political map of India, mark the following: [2] В. Tropic of cancer ii. Standard Meridian of India

[3] Cont....4



