Time: 2 hrs.

M.M.: 50

General Instructions:

i) The question paper consists of 20 questions.

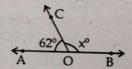
ii) All questions are compulsory. The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C and D.

- iii) Section 'A' Comprises 5 questions of one mark each.
 Section 'B' Comprises 5 questions of two marks each.
 Section 'C' Comprises 5 questions of three marks each.
 Section 'D' Comprises 5 questions of four marks each.
- iv) Internal choice is given in some questions.

SECTION 'A' [1×5=5]

Q.1. Simplify $(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})$

Q.2. In the adjoining figure AOB is a straight line. Find the value of x.



Q.3. Perimeter of an equilateral triangle is 60 m. Find area of triangle.

Find the length of each side of an equilateral triangle having an area $9\sqrt{3}$ cm².

- Q.4. If the point (a, 0) lies on 2x-y=5, find the value of 'a'.
- Q.5. Find the range of the data 12, 25, 18, 15, 20, 22, 6

SECTION 'B' [2×5=10]

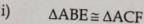
- Q.6. An isosceles right angled triangle has area 8 cm². Find the length of its hypotenuse.
- Q.7. If a point C lies between two points A and B such that AC=BC, then prove that $AC = \frac{1}{2}AB$
- Q.8. In $\triangle ABC$ if $3\angle A=4\angle B=6\angle C$. Calculate measure of $\angle A$, $\angle B$ and $\angle C$.
- Q.9. Show that angles opposite to equal sides are equal.
- Q.10. On which axis or quadrant following points lie:
 - i) (7,0)
- ii) (0,-5)
- iii) (-6, 5)
- iv) (2, -9)

OR

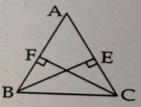
Give geometric representation of 2x-7=0 as an equation in two variables.

SECTION 'C' [3×5=15]

Q.11. ABC is a triangle in which altitudes BE and CF to the sides AC and AB are equal. Show that:



ii) ABC is an isosceles triangle



Q.12. Expess $1.3\overline{23}$ in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ where p, q are integers and $q \neq 0$

OR

Represent $\sqrt{3}$ on number line.

Q.13. Find the area of a triangle two sides of which are 9 cm and 5 cm and perimeter is 22 cm.

Q.14. 70 students from a locality use different modes of transport to go to school as given below:

below.	The same			m: 1	Dielehory
Mode of Transport	Car	Bus	Scooter	Bicycle	Rickshaw
	and the grade	16	14	20	16
No. of students	4	16	17	20	

Draw the bar graph representing above data.

Q.15. Find six rational numbers between $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$.

SECTION 'D' [4×5=20]

Q.16. Draw a histogram and frequency polygon on the same graph, for the following data:

Age in years	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. of patients	_	40	60	20	120	30

Q.17. The perimeter of a triangular field is 420 m and its sides are in the ratio 6:7:8. Find the area of the triangular field.

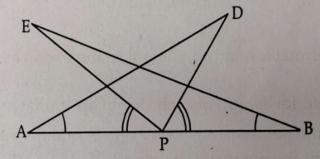
Q.18. In the given figure, AB is a line segment and P is the midpoint of it. D and E are points on the same side of AB such that ∠BAD=∠ABE and ∠EPA=∠DPB

Show that:

$$\Delta DAP \cong \Delta EBP$$

ii)
$$AD = BE$$

i)

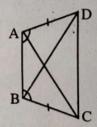


OR

In the given figure, ABCD is a quadrilateral in which AD=BC and ∠DAB=∠CBA.

Prove that:

- i) ΔABD≅ ΔBAC
- ii) BD=AC
- iii) ∠ABD=∠BAC



Q.19. Draw the graph of the equation 2x-y+3=0. Using the graph, find the value of y when (a) x=2 (b) x=-3

Q.20. In quadrilateral ABCD, AB||DC and P is the midpoint of BC. On producing AP and DC meet at Q. Prove that

- (i) AB=CQ
- ii) DQ=DC+AB

