

# II-PRE BOARD EXAMINATION

CLASS : XII (ISC)

MATHEMATICS

(Maximum Marks: 80)

(Time allowed: Three hours)

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(Candidates are allowed additional 15 minutes for only reading the paper. They must NOT start writing during this time.)

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The Question Paper consists of three sections A, B and C. Candidates are required to attempt all questions from Section A and all questions

EITHER from Section B OR Section C

Section A: Internal choice has been provided in two questions of two marks each, two questions of four marks each and two questions of six marks each.

Section B: Internal choice has been provided in one question of two marks each and one question of four marks.

Section C: Internal choice has been provided in one question of two marks and one question of four marks.

All working, including rough work, should be done on the same sheet as, and adjacent to the rest of the answer.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [ ].

Mathematical tables and graph papers are provided.

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## SECTION - A (65 Marks)

### Question 1

[15×1]

In sub parts (i) to (x) choose the correct options and in sub parts (xi) to (xv), answer the questions as indicated.

- (i) Let R be the relation in the set {1, 2, 3, 4} given by  $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 2), (1, 1), (4, 4), (1, 3), (3, 3), (3, 2)\}$ . Choose the correct answer.
- (a) R is reflexive and symmetric but not transitive
  - (b) R is reflexive and transitive but not symmetric
  - (c) R is symmetric and transitive but not reflexive
  - (d) R is an equivalence relation
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This paper consists of 10 printed pages.

(ii) Let  $f(x) = 5x - 3$ ,  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . Choose the correct answer.

- (a)  $f$  is one - one onto
- (b)  $f$  is many one onto
- (c)  $f$  is one-one but not onto
- (d)  $f$  is neither one-one nor onto

(iii) Value of  $\sec^2(\tan^{-1} 2) + \operatorname{cosec}^2(\cot^{-1} 3)$  is :

- (a) 15
- (b) 5
- (c) 13
- (d) none of the above

(iv) If  $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & x-a & x-b \\ x+a & 0 & x-c \\ x+b & x+c & 0 \end{vmatrix}$ , then :

- (a)  $f(a) = 0$
- (b)  $f(b) = 0$
- (c)  $f(0) = 0$
- (d)  $f(1) = 0$

(v) The integrating factor of the differential equation  $(x \log x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \log x$  is :

- (a)  $e^x$
- (b)  $\log x$
- (c)  $\log(\log x)$
- (d)  $x$

(vi) If  $A$  is a matrix of order  $3 \times 3$ , then  $|3A|$  is

- (a)  $27 |A|$
- (b)  $9 |A|$
- (c)  $3 |A|^3$
- (d) none of the above

(vii) The equation of the normal to the curve  $y = \sin x$  at  $(0, 0)$  is :

- (a)  $x = 0$
- (b)  $y = 0$
- (c)  $x + y = 0$
- (d)  $x - y = 0$

(viii) The slope of the tangent to the curve  $x = t^2 + 3t - 8$  and  $y = 2t^2 - 2t - 5$  at the point  $(2, -1)$  is :

(a)  $-7/6$

(b)  $6/7$

(c)  $7/6$

(d)  $-6/7$

(ix) The sum of the degree and the order of the differential equation

$y = xy' + \sqrt{1 + y'^2}$  is

(a) 6

(b) 5

(c) 4

(d) none of the above

(x) If  $P(A) = \frac{4}{5}$  and  $P(A \cap B) = \frac{7}{10}$ , then  $P(B/A)$  is equal to :

(a)  $1/10$

(b)  $1/8$

(c)  $7/8$

(d)  $17/20$

(xi) Find the maximum value of the function  $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ .

(xii) Two cards are drawn simultaneously at random from a pack of 52 cards.

What is the probability that the drawn cards are of different suits ?

(xiii) Evaluate :

$$\int_2^8 |x-5| dx$$

(xiv) If  $f(x) = 5x$ ,  $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ , then state whether  $f$  is bijective or not.

(xv) Find the least value of 'a' such that  $f(x) = x^2 - ax + 1$  is decreasing in the interval  $[1, 2]$ .

**Question 2**

(a) If  $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 y = 1$ , find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$

OR

- (b) The edge of a variable cube is increasing at the rate of 10 cm/sec. How fast is the volume of the cube increasing when the edge is 5 cm long.

**Question 3**

Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$ .

Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  be defined by  $f : \{(1, 5), (2, 6), (3, 6), (4, 7)\}$ .

Show that  $f$  is neither one-one nor onto.

**Question 4**

The equation of tangent at  $(2, 3)$  on the curve  $y^2 = px^3 + q$  is  $y = 4x - 7$ . Find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ .

**Question 5**

- (a) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{\sin(x-a)}{\sin x} dx$$

OR

- (b) Evaluate :

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 x \cos^3 x dx$$

**Question 6**

[2]

Solve the differential equation

$$y dx - (x + 2y^2) dx = 0$$

**Question 7**

[4]

If  $\sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}y + \sin^{-1}z = \pi$ , prove that  $x^2 - y^2 - z^2 + 2yz \sqrt{1-x^2} = 0$

**Question 8**

[4]

If  $y = (\sin^{-1}x)^2$ ; Prove that  $(1-x^2)y'' - xy' = 2$

**Question 9**

[4]

(a) Prove that :

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{x \cos x}{1 + \cos x} dx = 2\pi^2$$

OR

(b) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{1}{3x^4 - 2x^2 + 1} dx$$

**Question 10**

[4]

(a) Find the mean number of heads in three tosses of a coin.

OR

(b) A and B throw a pair of dice alternately till one of them gets a total of 10 and wins the game. Find their respective probability of winning, if A starts first.

**Question 11**

[6]

If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $A^{-1}$

Using  $A^{-1}$ , solve the following system of equations.

$$x + y - z = 1$$

$$3x + y - 2z = 3$$

$$x - y - z = -1$$

**Question 12**

[6]

(a) Solve the differential equation

$$(y + \log x) dx - x dy = 0, \text{ given that } y = 0, x = 1$$

OR

(b) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{(1-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

**Question 13**

[6]

(a) Find the volume of the largest cone that can be inscribed in a sphere of radius  $R$ .

OR

(b) Prove that the perimeter of a right angled triangle of given hypotenuse is maximum when the triangle is isoscles.

**Question 14**

[6]

Suppose a girl throws a die. If she gets 1 or 2, she tosses a coin three times and notes the number of tails. If she gets 3, 4, 5 or 6 she tosses a coin once and notes whether a 'head or tail' is obtained. If she obtained exactly one 'tail', what is the probability that she threw 3, 4, 5 or 6 with the die ?

## SECTION - B ( 15 Marks )

## Question 15

[5×1]

In sub-parts (i) and (ii), choose the correct options and in sub-parts

(iii) to (v), answer as indicated :

(i) The value of  $x$  for which  $x(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$  is a unit vector :

(a)  $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(c)  $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

(d) none of these

(ii) If  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\hat{b}$  and  $\hat{c}$  are mutually perpendicular unit vectors. Then the value of

$|2\hat{a} + \hat{b} + \hat{c}|$  is :

(a)  $2\sqrt{6}$

(b)  $\sqrt{6}$

(c) 6

(d)  $\pm\sqrt{6}$

(iii) Find a vector of magnitude  $\sqrt{171}$ , which is perpendicular to both of the

vectors  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .

(iv) A plane passes through points  $(2, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 3, 0)$  and  $(0, 0, 4)$ , find the equation of the plane.

(v) Write down a unit vector, making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the positive direction of x-axis.

## Question 16

[2]

(a) If  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are two vectors such that  $|\vec{a}| = 4$ ,  $|\vec{b}| = 3$  and  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 6$ , find angle

between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$

- (b) If  $|\vec{a}| = 2$ ,  $|\vec{b}| = 3$  and  $\vec{a} \cdot 3\vec{b} = -8$ , find  $|\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}|$

## Question 17

[4]

- (a) Find the image of the point having position vectors  $\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$  in the plane

$$\vec{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}) + 3 = 0$$

OR

- (b) Determine the equation of the line passing through the point  $(1, 2, -4)$  and perpendicular to the two lines

$$\frac{x-8}{3} = \frac{y+9}{-16} = \frac{z-10}{7} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{x-15}{3} = \frac{y-29}{8} = \frac{8-z}{5}$$

## Question 18

[4]

Find the area of region enclosed by the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  and the line

$$y = -mx, \quad a, m > 0$$

## SECTION - C [ 15 Marks ]

## Question 19

[5×1]

In sub-parts (i) and (ii) choose the correct options and in sub-parts

(iii) to (v), answer as instructed.

- (i) If  $C(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + x^2 - 8x + 5$  then the marginal cost is :

(a)  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + x - 8$

(b)  $x^2 + 2x - 8$

(c)  $x + 2 - \frac{8}{x}$

(d) none of the above



(ii) If  $b_{yx} = 0.8$  and  $b_{xy} = 0.45$ , then  $r_{xy}$  is :

(a) 0.6 (b) -0.6

(c) 0.3 (d) -0.3

(iii) The revenue  $R$  from sale of  $q$  units of a commodity is given by  $R = 20q - 0.5q^2$ .

How fast does  $R$  change with respect to  $q$ ?

(iv) If two regression line are  $4x - 5y + 33 = 0$  and  $20x - 9y = 107$ , then find the mean value of  $x$  and  $y$ .

(v) If demand function of a monopolist is given by  $P = 15000 - 2x - x^2$ . Find the marginal revenue.

**Question 20**

[2]

(a) The fixed cost of a new product is ₹ 30000 and the variable cost per unit is ₹ 800. If the demand function is  $P(x) = 4500 - 100x$  :

I) Find the cost function

II) Find the revenue function.

OR

(b) Verify that  $\frac{d}{dx}(AC) = \frac{1}{x}(MC - AC)$  given that  $C(x) = a + bx + cx^2$

**Question 21**

[4]

Find the regression coefficient of line  $y$  on  $x$  for the data

$x$	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
$y$	-4	-3	-1	0	1	3	5	8

and hence find the estimate value  $y$  for  $x = 13.5$

Question 22

[4]

- (a) If a young man rides his motor cycle at 25 km / hr he has to spend ₹ 2 per km on petrol, if he rides at a faster speed of 40 km/hr, the petrol cost increases to ₹ 5 per km. He has ₹ 100 to spend on petrol and wishes to find maximum distance he can travel within one hour. Express this as a linear programming problem and then solve it.

OR

- (b) A diet for a sick person must contain at least 4000 units of vitamins, 50 units of minerals and 1400 units of calories. The food X and Y are available at a cost of ₹ 4 and ₹ 3 per unit respectively. One unit of the food X contains 200 units of vitamins, 1 unit of minerals and 40 units of calories, whereas one unit of food Y contains 100 units of vitamins 2 units of minerals and 40 units of calories . Find what combination of X and Y should be used to have least cost satisfying the requirements ?

x	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
y	-4	-3	-1	0	1	3	5	8